

SAFETY DATA SHEET Prefere 5839

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Prefere 5839

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/ : Industrial/Professional Use: Hardener. Woodworking industry.

mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier : Dynea AS

P.O.Box 160, N-2001 Lillestrøm

Norway

Tel. +47 63897100 Fax. +47 63897610

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS

: sds@dynea.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : Not available.

Supplier

Telephone number : +47 63897100

Hours of operation : 24 hours

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version : 6 1/16

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : ► H302 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P305 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : ▶araformaldehyde

formaldehyde

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

: Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
P araformaldehyde	REACH #: Exempted CAS: 30525-89-4	≥10 - <21	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351	[1]
formaldehyde	REACH #: 01-2119488953-20 EC: 200-001-8 CAS: 50-00-0 Index: 605-001-00-5	≥10 - <14	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350	[1] [2]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version : 6 2/16

 Prefere 5839

 SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

 methanol
 REACH #: 01-2119433307-44 EC: 200-659-6 CAS: 67-56-1
 ≥0.3 - <0.7 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311</td>

Index: 603-001-00-X

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

Ingestion

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Get medical attention immediately. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water,

occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 10

Acute Tox. 3, H331 STOT SE 1, H370 (central nervous system (CNS) and optic nerve)

above.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared

minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation: Get medical attention immediately. Move exposed person to fresh air. If breathing is

difficult, give oxygen. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.

Skin contact: Get medical attention immediately. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove

contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before

reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

: Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If

vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

General: Move the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Allow the victim to rest in a well-ventilated area.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate

mask or self-contained breathing apparatus.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapour may be irritating to eyes

and respiratory system. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Potential Delayed Effects: shortness of breath/breathing difficulty, pulmonary

oedema

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version : 6 3/16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

tearing eye coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous combustion

products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version : 6 4/16

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, universal binders etc.) or use a spill kit.

Large spill

: Approach the release from upwind. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version: 6 5/16

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Industrial sector specific

: Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
fo rmaldehyde	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). STEL: 2.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
methanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 266 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

procedures

Recommended monitoring: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
fo rmaldehyde	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.6 ppm	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	240 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.037 mg/ cm ²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.3 ppm	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	102 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.2 mg/cm ²	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.1 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.012 mg/ cm ²	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.1 mg/m³	Consumers	Local
methanol	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version: 6 6/16

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			
DNEL		260 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	Inhalation			
DNEL	Long term Dermal	40 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
DNE		bw/day	Madrana	0
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL		260 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
DIVLE	Inhalation	200 1119/111	VVOIKEIS	Local
DNEL		8 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		bw/day		,
DNEL	Short term	50 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation		_	
DNEL	Short term Oral	8 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
DNE	Ole and termina	bw/day	0	1 1
DNEL	Short term Inhalation	50 mg/m ³	Consumers	Local
DNEL		8 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
DIVLE	Long term berman	bw/day	Oonsumers	Oysternic
DNEL	Long term	50 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation			,
DNEL	Long term Oral	8 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		bw/day	_	
DNEL	Long term	50 mg/m³	Consumers	Local
	Inhalation			

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
formaldehyde		Fresh water Marine Fresh water sediment Marine water sediment Soil Sewage Treatment Plant	0.47 mg/l 0.47 mg/l 2.44 mg/kg dwt 2.44 mg/kg dwt 0.21 mg/kg dwt 0.19 mg/l	Assessment Factors Assessment Factors Equilibrium Partitioning Equilibrium Partitioning Equilibrium Partitioning Assessment Factors
methanol	PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC	Fresh water Marine Intermittent release Sediment Soil Sewage Treatment Plant	154 mg/l 15.4 mg/l 1540 mg/l 570.4 mg/kg dwt 23.5 mg/kg wwt 100 mg/l	Assessment Factors Assessment Factors Assessment Factors Equilibrium Partitioning Equilibrium Partitioning Assessment Factors

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Immediately remove any contaminated clothing, shoes or socks. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes. Recommended: Tightly-fitting goggles

Hand protection

: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove

manufacturers.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version : 6 7/16

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended: Protective Index 6 / Breakthrough time >480 minutes: neoprene

rubber 0.7 mm thickness or nitrile rubber 0.4 mm thickness

Other skin protection Wear work clothing with long sleeves. Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or

coveralls are normally suitable.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the Respiratory protection

hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Long Term Exposure / high concentrations : Self-contained respirator (DIN EN

133) or full face mask (DIN EN 136)

Short term exposure / Low exposure : Half-face mask (DIN EN 140) Recommended: Type AX (Brown): Low boiling organic compounds.

Environmental exposure

controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure

they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid. Colour Brown.

Odour : Formaldehyde. : Not available. **Odour threshold**

pН : 5 to 6

Melting point/freezing point : Not available. Initial boiling point and : Not available.

boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: >80°C

Evaporation rate : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. **Burning time** : Not applicable. **Burning rate** : Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or : Not available.

explosive limits

Vapour pressure : Not available. Vapour density : Not available. Relative density : Not available. **Density (liquid)** : 1.18 g/cm³ [25°C] Solubility Dispersible in water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not available.

water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Dynamic: 5000 to 8000 mPa·s [25 °C] **Viscosity**

Explosive properties : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2 Other information

VOC content (Without volume : 31.6 % (w/w) exclusion) 372.6 g/l

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version 8/16

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous

decomposition products

us : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Potential Adverse effects

Inhalation

: Marmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapour may be irritating to eyes and respiratory system. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. Potential Delayed Effects: shortness of breath/breathing difficulty, pulmonary oedema

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

tearing eye coughing

Ingestion: Farmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Skin contact : Zauses skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

nce sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Acute toxicity

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version : 6 9/16

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Paraformaldehyde	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	1.07 mg/l	4 hours
_	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	680 mg/kg	-
formaldehyde	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	<463 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	460 mg/kg	-
methanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male,	128.2 mg/l	4 hours
		Female		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17100 mg/kg	-

Paraformaldehyde: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Formaldehyde: Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin. Fatal if inhaled. **methanol**: Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product	ATE value
Ø ral	672.1 mg/kg
Dermal	2500 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	4072.1 ppm
Inhalation (vapours)	476.2 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	5.465 mg/l

Product Conclusion/ Summary : Marmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
formaldehyde	Skin - Irritant	Rat	-	-	7 days
-	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Oedema	Rabbit	3	-	24 hours
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rat	4	-	7 days

Skin : Paraformaldehyde: Irritating to skin.

Formaldehyde: Causes burns.

methanol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Eyes: Paraformaldehyde: Irritating to eyes.

Formaldehyde: Causes serious eye damage.

methanol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory: Formaldehyde: Irritating to respiratory system.

Product Conclusion/

Summary

: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
formaldehyde	skin skin	Mouse Guinea pig	Sensitising Sensitising
methanol	Respiratory skin	Guinea pig Guinea pig	Not sensitizing Not sensitizing

Skin : Paraformaldehyde: Sensitising

Formaldehyde: Sensitising methanol: Not sensitizing

Respiratory : Formaldehyde: Not sensitizing

methanol: Not sensitizing

Product Conclusion/

Summary

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version : 6 10/16

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Chronic toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
formaldehyde	Chronic LOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	82 mg/kg	105 weeks
	Chronic NOAEC Inhalation Gas.	Rat - Male, Female	1 ppm	26 weeks
	Sub-acute NOAEC Inhalation Gas.	Rat - Male	2 ppm	6 weeks
	Sub-acute LOAEC Inhalation Gas.	Rat - Male	6 ppm	6 weeks
methanol	Chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	466 to 529 mg/ kg Repeated dose	104 weeks
	Chronic NOEC Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male, Female	0.13 mg/l	12 months
	Chronic NOAEC Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male, Female	1.3 mg/l Continuous	108 days
	Chronic NOAEC Inhalation Vapour	Rat	1.33 mg/l Continuous	17 days; 22.7 hours per day

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
formaldehyde	OECD 471	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Positive
	OECD 741	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive

Formaldehyde: Genetic toxicity: Positive.

methanol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Conclusion/ Summary : Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Paraformaldehyde: Suspected of causing cancer.

methanol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Conclusion/ Summary

: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Formaldehyde is classified as a category 1B carcinogen by EU (Suspected of causing cancer in humans). The classification is mainly based on carcinogenic effects demonstrated in animal experiments, but also on experience from occupational use indicating, but not proving, increased risk of cancer in humans. The actual risk is a rare type of cancer in the nasopharyngeal area (upper part of the throat, behind the nose).

Animal experiments have demonstrated that the cancer risk has a strong link to high and repeated doses of formaldehyde, with an effect threshold at 2 ppm. This is the basis for the derived no effect level (DNEL) for occupational use of 0,3 ppm. Exposure below this level gives limited or no risk of adverse effects.

Reproductive toxicity

Formaldehyde: It is not expected that formaldehyde reaches the reproductive organs and there is no evidence for effects on fertility and gonads in experimental animals after long-term oral or inhalation exposure.

methanol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Conclusion/ Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version : 6 11/16

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Formaldehyde: There is no evidence for adverse effects of formaldehyde on embryo and fetal development as dose levels inducing local maternal effects and secondary decrease in body weights and growth.

methanol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Conclusion/ Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
formaldehyde	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
methanol	Category 1	All	central nervous system (CNS) and optic nerve

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Summary

Product Conclusion/

1

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Interactive effects

: No specific data.

Other information

: No specific data.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Paraformaldehyde	LC50 60 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
formaldehyde	EC50 4.89 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.7 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Morone saxatilis	96 hours
methanol	EC50 22000 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum	96 hours
		capricornutum	Static
	IC50 8800 mg/l Fresh water	Micro-organism - Nitrosomonas sp.	24 hours Static
	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours Static
	Acute LC50 15400 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours Flow through
	Chronic NOEC 7900 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oryzias latipes	200 hours Static

Conclusion/Summary

: Formaldehyde: Toxic to aquatic organisms.

methanol: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version : 6 12/16

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
formaldehyde	Anaerobic biodegradation	100 % - 4 days	Degradation	Anaerobic sludge
	OECĎ 303 A	99.5 % - 160 days	Degradation	Activated sludge Industrial Adapted
	OECD 301 C	97 % - Readily - 14 days	TOC removal	- '
	OECD 301 D	90 % - Readily - 28 days	30 mg/l O ₂ Consumption	-
methanol	-	83 to 91 % - Readily - 3 days	-	Fresh water Sediment
	-	71 to 83 % - Readily - 5 days	BOD/ThOD	Sewage
	-	69 to 97 % - 5 days	O ₂ Consumption	Marine water
	-	53.4 % - 5 days	-	-
	-	46.3 % - 5 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Formaldehyde: Readily biodegradable methanol: Readily biodegradable

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
f ormaldehyde	-	-	Readily
methanol	-	50%; 17.2 day(s)	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
f ormaldehyde	0.35	0.396	low
methanol	-0.77	<10	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

coemcient (10c)

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable. vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version : 6 13/16

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste code	Waste designation
08 04 99	wastes not otherwise specified

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version: 6 14/16

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture,

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Restricted to professional users.

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory: Not determined.

Black List Chemicals : Not listed
Priority List Chemicals : Not listed
Integrated pollution : Not listed

prevention and control list

(IPPC) - Air

Integrated pollution : Not listed

prevention and control list

(IPPC) - Water

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
Paraformaldehyde	Carc. 2, H351	-	-	-
formaldehyde	Carc. 1B, H350	Muta. 2, H341	-	-

Seveso II Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso II Directive.

National regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety

Assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version : 6 15/16

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification	Justification
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Muta. 2, H341	Calculation method
Carc. 1B, H350	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H . 1705	Llighty flormable liquid and vanour

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊬ 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H301 (oral)	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H311 (dermal)	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331 (inhalation)	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H370 (central nervous	Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system
system (CNS) and optic	(CNS) and optic nerve)
nerve)	
	l .

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2, H330 A	CLITE TOVICITY (inhalation) Catagory 2
Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Carc. 1B, H350 Carc. 2, H351	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 1B ACORCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1, H318 S	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Muta. 2, H341 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 1, H370 (central nervous system (CNS) and optic nerve) STOT SE 3, H335	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 GERM CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B GKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 GKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS) and optic nerve) - Category 1 GPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Date of issue/ Date of

revision

: 18.11.2015.

Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015.

Previous product name : Not available.

Version : 6

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 20.05.2015. Version : 6 16/16