

SAFETY DATA SHEET Prefere 4114

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Prefere 4114

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/ : Industrial/Professional Use: Adhesive. Woodworking industry.

mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier : Dynea AS

P.O.Box 160, N-2001 Lillestrøm

Norway

Tel. +47 63897100 Fax. +47 63897610

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS

: sds@dynea.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : Not available.

<u>Supplier</u>

Telephone number : +47 63897100

Hours of operation : 24 hours

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

kin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H350 - May cause cancer.

Precautionary statements

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients Supplemental label

: formaldehyde

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions

: Restricted to professional users.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

Special packaging requirements

Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Chemical characterisation : Urea formaldehyde resin.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
e thanediol	REACH #: 01-2119456816-28 EC: 203-473-3 CAS: 107-21-1 Index: 603-027-00-1	≥1 - <3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 STOT RE 2, H373 (kidneys) (oral)	[1] [2]
formaldehyde	REACH #: 01-2119488953-20 EC: 200-001-8 CAS: 50-00-0 Index: 605-001-00-5	≥0.3 - <1	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation: Move exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case

of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical

attention if irritation occurs.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person

is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health

effects persist or are severe.

General: Move the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Allow the victim to rest in a well-ventilated area.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate

mask or self-contained breathing apparatus.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation: Vapour may be irritating to eyes and respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition

products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following

exposure.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

: None known.

media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Hazards from the : In a fire or if heated, a pressusubstance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, universal binders etc.) or use a spill kit.

Large spill

: Approach the release from upwind. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
<u>ethanediol</u>	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Particulate STEL: 104 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Vapour TWA: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Vapour STEL: 40 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Vapour TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Form: Vapour
formaldehyde	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). STEL: 2.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
e thanediol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	106 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	53 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	7 mg/m³	Consumers	Local
formaldehyde	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.6 ppm	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	240 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.037 mg/ cm ²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.3 ppm	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	102 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.2 mg/cm ²	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.1 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.012 mg/ cm ²	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.1 mg/m ³	Consumers	Local

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
€ thanediol	PNEC	Fresh water	10 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	1 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	199.5 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	20.9 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Soil	1.53 mg/kg	-
formaldehyde	PNEC	Fresh water	0.47 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	PNEC	Marine	0.47 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	2.44 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	2.44 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	PNEC	Soil	0.21 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	0.19 mg/l	Assessment Factors

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before Hygiene measures

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Immediately remove any contaminated clothing, shoes or socks. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close

to the workstation location.

: Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes. Eye/face protection

Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.

Hand protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. It should be noted that the time to

breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove

manufacturers.

Recommended: Protective Index 6 / Breakthrough time >480 minutes: neoprene

rubber 0.7 mm thickness or nitrile rubber 0.4 mm thickness

: Wear work clothing with long sleeves. Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or Other skin protection

coveralls are normally suitable.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the

hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Long Term Exposure / high concentrations : Self-contained respirator (DIN EN

133) or full face mask (DIN EN 136)

Short term exposure / Low exposure : Half-face mask (DIN EN 140) Recommended: Type AX (Brown): Low boiling organic compounds.

Environmental exposure

controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure

they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour White to yellowish. Odour : Formaldehyde. [Slight]

Odour threshold : Not available.

pН : 8 to 9

Melting point/freezing point : Not available. Initial boiling point and : Not available.

boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: >100°C

: Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. **Burning time** Not applicable. : Not applicable. **Burning rate** Upper/lower flammability or : Not available.

explosive limits

: Not available. Vapour pressure : Not available. Vapour density Relative density : Not available. **Density (liquid)** : 1.3 g/cm3 [25°C]

Solubility : Partly dispersible in water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: 1

water

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: 2600 to 5000 mPa·s [25 °C]

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2 Other information

VOC content (Without volume : 1.9 % (w/w) exclusion) 24.8 g/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Formaldehyde may be released during processing.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Potential Adverse effects

Inhalation: Vapour may be irritating to eyes and respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition

products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following

exposure.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

nce sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
e thanediol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>2.5 mg/l	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Mouse - Male, Female	>3500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	7712 mg/kg	-
formaldehyde	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Oral	Rat - Male Rat - Male	490 ppm 460 mg/kg	4 hours

ethanediol: Harmful if swallowed.

Formaldehyde: Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin. Fatal if inhaled.

Acute toxicity estimates

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product	ATE value
Øral Dermal Inhalation (gases)	15410.7 mg/kg 85753.7 mg/kg 140064.4 ppm

Product Conclusion/

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Summary

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
e thanediol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	1 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	6 hours 1440 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	555 milligrams	-
formaldehyde	Skin - Irritant	Rat	-	-	7 days
-	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	_	-
	Skin - Oedema	Rabbit	3	-	24 hours
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rat	4	-	7 days

Skin : ethanediol: Mild irritant

Formaldehyde: Causes burns.

Eyes : **ethanediol**: Mildly irritating to the eyes.

Formaldehyde: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory : Formaldehyde: Irritating to respiratory system.

Product Conclusion/

Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
ethanediol formaldehyde	skin skin skin		Not sensitizing Sensitising Sensitising

Skin : ethanediol: Not sensitizing

Formaldehyde: Sensitising

Respiratory : ethanediol: Not sensitizing

Formaldehyde: Not sensitizing

Product Conclusion/

Summary

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Chronic toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
e thanediol	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Dog	2 mg/kg	4 weeks; 7 days per week
formaldehyde	Chronic LOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	82 mg/kg	105 weeks
	Chronic NOAEC Inhalation Gas.	Rat - Male, Female	1 ppm	26 weeks
	Sub-acute NOAEC Inhalation Gas.	Rat - Male	2 ppm	6 weeks
	Sub-acute LOAEC Inhalation	Rat - Male	6 ppm	6 weeks

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Prefere 4114 SECTION 11: Toxicological information Gas.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
e thanediol	-	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
formaldehyde	OECD 471	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Positive
	OECD 741	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive

ethanediol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Formaldehyde: Genetic toxicity: Positive.

Product Conclusion/ Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product Conclusion/ Summary

ethanediol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Formaldehyde is classified as a category 1B carcinogen by EU (Suspected of causing cancer in humans). The classification is mainly based on carcinogenic effects demonstrated in animal experiments, but also on experience from occupational use indicating, but not proving, increased risk of cancer in humans. The actual risk is a rare type of cancer in the nasopharyngeal area (upper part of the throat, behind the nose).

Animal experiments have demonstrated that the cancer risk has a strong link to high and repeated doses of formaldehyde, with an effect threshold at 2 ppm. This is the basis for the derived no effect level (DNEL) for occupational use of 0,3 ppm. Exposure below this level gives limited or no risk of adverse effects.

Reproductive toxicity

Formaldehyde: It is not expected that formaldehyde reaches the reproductive organs and there is no evidence for effects on fertility and gonads in experimental animals after long-term oral or inhalation exposure.

Product Conclusion/ Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Formaldehyde: There is no evidence for adverse effects of formaldehyde on embryo and fetal development as dose levels inducing local maternal effects and secondary decrease in body weights and growth.

Product Conclusion/ Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
formaldehyde	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethanediol	Category 2	Oral	kidneys

Aspiration hazard

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product Conclusion/

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Summary

Interactive effects : No specific data.

Other information : No specific data.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
e thanediol	Acute EC20 >1995 mg/l Fresh water	Micro-organism	30 minutes Static
	Acute EC50 6500 to 13000 mg/l	Aquatic plants - Selenastrum capricornutum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours Static
	Acute LC50 72860 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours Static
	Chronic NOEC 15380 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	7 days
formaldehyde	EC50 4.89 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5.8 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 6.7 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex Fish - Morone saxatilis	48 hours 96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: **ethanediol**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Formaldehyde: Toxic to aquatic organisms.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
e thanediol	OECD 301C 301C Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I)	96 % - 14 days	-	-
formaldehyde	Anaerobic biodegradation OECD 303 A	100 % - 4 days 99.5 % - 160 days	Degradation Degradation	Anaerobic sludge Activated sludge Industrial Adapted
	OECD 301 C OECD 301 D	97 % - Readily - 14 days 90 % - Readily - 28 days	TOC removal 30 mg/l O ₂ Consumption	- -

Conclusion/Summary

: **ethanediol**: Readily biodegradable **Formaldehyde**: Readily biodegradable

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
ethanediol	-	-	Readily
formaldehyde	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Prefere 4114	1		low
ethanediol	-1.36	_	low
formaldehyde	0.35	0.396	low

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable. vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities

with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes.

Cured resin is regarded as non-hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
8 04 09*	waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC

Code

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Restricted to professional users.

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

Black List Chemicals : Not listed **Priority List Chemicals** : Not listed Integrated pollution : Not listed

prevention and control list

(IPPC) - Air

: Not listed

Integrated pollution prevention and control list

(IPPC) - Water

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
formaldehyde	Carc. 1B, H350	Muta. 2, H341	-	-

Seveso II Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso II Directive.

National regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

Assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 ICLP/GHS1

Classification			Justification	
Kin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350			Calculation method Calculation method	
Full text of abbreviated H statements	:	H301 H302 H311 H314 H317 H318 H330 H335 H341 H350 H373 (kidneys)	Toxic if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. (kidneys)	
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	:	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Carc. 1B, H350 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Muta. 2, H341 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (kidneys) (oral) STOT SE 3, H335	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (kidneys) (oral) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	

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SECTION 16: Other information

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