SAFETY DATA SHEET Bijlard B100 Heavy Duty Spray

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

SECTION 1: Identification of #	ne substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	Bijlard B100 Heavy Duty Spray
Container size	400ml
	All chemicals used in this product have been registered under REACH where required.
-	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of Identified uses	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against Adhesive. Use only as directed.
Uses advised against	Flexible PVC due to the risk of plasticiser migration.
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	
Supplier	Bijlard International Platinastraat 141
	2718 SR Zoetermeer
	The Netherlands
	Tel: 00 31 79 343 75 38 Fax: 00 31 79 343 75 39
	www.bijlard.com
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	nber
Emergency telephone	Bijlard International: Tel: 00 31 79 343 7538 (Maa-Vrij 09:00-17:00)
Emergency telephone	
Emergency telephone	Bijlard International: Tel: 00 31 79 343 7538 (Maa-Vrij 09:00-17:00) National Poisons Information Service (UK): 0844 892 0111 (healthcare professionals only) NHS: 111 (members of the public)
Emergency telephone National emergency telephone number	Bijlard International: Tel: 00 31 79 343 7538 (Maa-Vrij 09:00-17:00) National Poisons Information Service (UK): 0844 892 0111 (healthcare professionals only) NHS: 111 (members of the public)
Emergency telephone National emergency telephone number SECTION 2: Hazards identific	Bijlard International: Tel: 00 31 79 343 7538 (Maa-Vrij 09:00-17:00) National Poisons Information Service (UK): 0844 892 0111 (healthcare professionals only) NHS: 111 (members of the public) ation ance or mixture
Emergency telephone National emergency telephone number SECTION 2: Hazards identifica 2.1. Classification of the subst	Bijlard International: Tel: 00 31 79 343 7538 (Maa-Vrij 09:00-17:00) National Poisons Information Service (UK): 0844 892 0111 (healthcare professionals only) NHS: 111 (members of the public) ation ance or mixture
Emergency telephone National emergency telephone number SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (SI 2019 No. 720	Bijlard International: Tel: 00 31 79 343 7538 (Maa-Vrij 09:00-17:00) National Poisons Information Service (UK): 0844 892 0111 (healthcare professionals only) NHS: 111 (members of the public) ation ance or mixture D
Emergency telephone National emergency telephone number SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (SI 2019 No. 720 Physical hazards	Bijlard International: Tel: 00 31 79 343 7538 (Maa-Vrij 09:00-17:00) A National Poisons Information Service (UK): 0844 892 0111 (healthcare professionals only) NHS: 111 (members of the public) ation ance or mixture D Aerosol 1 - H222, H229
Emergency telephone National emergency telephone number SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (SI 2019 No. 720 Physical hazards Health hazards	Bijlard International: Tel: 00 31 79 343 7538 (Maa-Vrij 09:00-17:00) National Poisons Information Service (UK): 0844 892 0111 (healthcare professionals only) NHS: 111 (members of the public) ation ance or mixture D) Aerosol 1 - H222, H229 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H336
Emergency telephone National emergency telephone number SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (SI 2019 No. 720 Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards	Bijlard International: Tel: 00 31 79 343 7538 (Maa-Vrij 09:00-17:00) National Poisons Information Service (UK): 0844 892 0111 (healthcare professionals only) NHS: 111 (members of the public) ation ance or mixture D) Aerosol 1 - H222, H229 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H336
Emergency telephone National emergency telephone number SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (SI 2019 No. 720 Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards 2.2. Label elements	Bijlard International: Tel: 00 31 79 343 7538 (Maa-Vrij 09:00-17:00) National Poisons Information Service (UK): 0844 892 0111 (healthcare professionals only) NHS: 111 (members of the public) ation ance or mixture D) Aerosol 1 - H222, H229 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H336

Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements	 P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261 Avoid breathing spray. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Supplemental label information	Please refer to Safety Data Sheet. Use only as directed.
Contains	DICHLOROMETHANE, Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane
Supplementary precautionary statements	 P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label). P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Dichloromethane is converted to carbon monoxide in the body, which reduces the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
3.2. Mixtures		
DICHLOROMETHANE		30-60%
CAS number: 75-09-2	EC number: 200-838-9	
Classification Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H336		

	UEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS 30-60%
(<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)	
CAS number: 68476-85-7	EC number: 270-704-2
Classification Flam. Gas 1A - H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280	
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alk hexane	kanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n- 1-5%
CAS number: —	EC number: 921-024-6
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	
The full text for all hazard sta	atements is displayed in Section 16.
Composition comments	Liquefied petroleum gases (CAS: 68476-85-7) contains less than 0.1% w/w 1,3-butadiene, meaning that the full harmonised classification regarding Muta. 1B H340 and Carc. 1A H350 does not apply. This product does not contain nanoforms.
Ingredient notes	Where required, the acute toxicity estimate (ATE) for any substance is listed in Section 11.
SECTION 4: First aid measu	res
4.1. Description of first aid m	easures
General information	Move affected person to fresh air at once.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air at once. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Use hand wash which is specific to the removal of adhesive. Do not use solvents to clean skin.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.
Protection of first aiders	minutes and get medical attention. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.
Protection of first aiders	minutes and get medical attention. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart. No specific requirements are anticipated under normal conditions of use.
Protection of first aiders 4.2. Most important symptom	minutes and get medical attention. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart. No specific requirements are anticipated under normal conditions of use. ns and effects, both acute and delayed Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent

Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin. Contains components which may penetrate the skin. Product has a defatting effect on skin.
Eye contact	Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.
4.3. Indication of any immediate	e medical attention and special treatment needed
Specific treatments	If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measured	Ires
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	m the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Forms explosive mixtures with air. May explode when heated or when exposed to flames or sparks. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of carbon. Phosgene (COCI2). Hydrogen chloride (HCI).
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures
6.1. Personal precautions, prot	ective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
For non-emergency personnel	For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
For emergency responders	For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.
6.3. Methods and material for c	ontainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Collect spillage for reclamation or disposal in sealed containers via a licensed waste contractor. Avoid water contacting spilled material or leaking containers. Approach the spillage from upwind. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-

6.4. Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Bijlard B100 Heavy Duty Spray

Reference to other sections Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling		
Usage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not smoke in work area. Clean equipment and the work area every day.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage	e, including any incompatibilities	
Storage precautions	Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not use containers made of the following materials: Aluminium. Pressurised container: may burst if heated Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Protect from sunlight. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.	
Storage class	Extremely flammable aerosol.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.	
SECTION 8: Exposure controls	s/Personal protection	

8.1. Control parameters Occupational exposure limits DICHLOROMETHANE

Supplier recommendation: 8 ppm

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 353 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 200 ppm 706 mg/m³ Sk

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

DICHLOROMETHANE (CAS: 75-09-2)

Biological limit values	BGV: 30 ppm (GB)
DNEL	Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.06 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 12 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 5.82 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 706 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 353 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 353 mg/m ³

PNEC

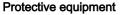
- Fresh water; 0.31 mg/l
- marine water; 0.031 mg/l
- Intermittent release; 0.27 mg/l
- Sediment (Freshwater); 2.57 mg/kg
- Sediment (Marinewater); 0.26 mg/l
- Soil; 0.33 mg/kg
- STP; 26 mg/l

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

DNEL

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 699 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 773 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 699 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2035 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 608 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls



Appropriate engineering



controls



Provide adequate ventilation. Ensure that the direction of airflow is clearly away from the worker. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Personal protection Wear protective clothing.

Eye/face protection Wear chemical splash goggles. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye and face protection should be worn.

Hand protection Viton rubber (fluoro rubber). The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 2 hours. Minimum thickness: 0.7mm. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected.

Other skin and body Provide eyewash station. Avoid contact with skin. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure protection to the skin.

Hygiene measures

Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Respiratory protection If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. In confined or poorlyventilated spaces, a supplied-air respirator must be worn. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Gas filter, type AX. Short term

Thermal hazards Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin.

Environmental exposure	Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to
controls	local and national provisions.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Aerosol.
Colour	Amber.
Odour	Chlorinated hydrocarbons.
Odour threshold	Not available.
рН	Not determined.
Melting point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and range	Liquefied petroleum gases: -40 to -2°C Dichloromethane: 40°C
Flash point	A flash point method is not available but the major hazardous component, the liquefied petroleum gases, has a flash point of <-60°C with flammability limits of 10.9% vol. upper and 1.4% vol. lower.
Evaporation rate	Dichloromethane: 27.5 (butyl acetate = 1)
Evaporation factor	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available.
Other flammability	Not available.
Vapour pressure	4-6 bar @ 20°C
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Liquid base: ~1.18 @ 20°C
Bulk density	Not applicable.
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient	:
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	Data lacking.
Viscosity	Liquid base: 40 - 130 mm²/s @ 20°C
Explosive properties	In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Yes
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.
9.2. Other information	
Particle size	Not applicable.
Volatile organic compound	660g/l

SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Highly volatile.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Will not polymerise. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Avoid the accumulation of vapours in low or confined areas.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Aluminium.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	on products
Hazardous decomposition products	Toxic gases or vapours. Hydrogen chloride (HCl). Phosgene (COCl2). Carbon monoxide (CO).
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation
11.1. Information on toxicolog	ical effects
Acute toxicity - oral	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation Summary	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation Summary	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Carcinogenicity</u> Summary	Suspected of causing cancer.
IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Reproductive toxicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		
Summary	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Dichloromethane is converted to carbon monoxide in the	
	body, which reduces the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood.	
Target organs	Central nervous system	
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Aspiration hazard		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Route of exposure	Inhalation	
11.2. Information on other		
hazards		
11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting	There are no adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties.	
properties		
11.2.2. Other information	No information available.	
Toxicological information on in	ngredients.	

DICHLOROMETHANE

Acute toxicity - oral	
Summary	May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Liver, Bone marrow, Blood) if swallowed.
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,000.0
Species	Rat
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,000.0
Species	Rat
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Summary	Dichloromethane is converted to carbon monoxide in the body, which reduces the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood.
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	86.0
Species	Mouse
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	86.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritati	ion
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.

Carcinogenicity			
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.		
IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.		
Specific target organ toxic	ity - single exposure		
STOT - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
Target organs	Central nervous system		
Inhalation PETROLEU	Overexposure may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication. May cause damage to mucous membranes in nose, throat, lungs and bronchial system. JM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)		
Toxicological effects	Information given is based on data of the components and of similar products.		
Acute toxicity - oral			
Notes (oral LD ₅₀)	Not applicable.		
Acute toxicity - dermal			
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Not applicable.		
Acute toxicity - inhalation			
Notes (inhalation LC ₅₀)	LC₅₀ >20 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation			
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating.		
Serious eye damage/irritat	lion		
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not irritating.		
Respiratory sensitisation			
Respiratory sensitisation	Not sensitising.		
Skin sensitisation			
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.		
Germ cell mutagenicity			
Genotoxicity - in vitro	This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.		
Carcinogenicity			
Carcinogenicity	Carcinogenicity in humans is not expected.		
Reproductive toxicity			
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Reproductive toxicity - development	Does not contain any substances known to be toxic to reproduction.		
Specific target organ toxic	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		

STOT - single exposure	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Overexposure to organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death.	
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard		
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Inhalation	May cause respiratory system irritation.	
Skin contact	Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin.	
Route of exposure	Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact	
Hydro	ocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,000.0	
Species	Rat	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,000.0	
Species	Rabbit	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	20.0	
Species	Rat	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/irritation		
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation		
Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity		

	Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		
	STOT - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure		
	STOT - repeated exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
	Aspiration hazard		
	Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
SECTION 1	2: Ecological information		
Ecotoxicity	city The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.		
Ecological in	nformation on ingredients.		
		DICHLOROMETHANE	
	Ecotoxicity	The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.	
	PETROLEU	JM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)	
	Ecotoxicity	Information given is based on data of the components and of similar products.	
12.1. Toxicit	by I		
Toxicity	Not cons	sidered toxic to fish. Not regarded as dangerous for the environment.	
Ecological in	nformation on ingredients.		
		DICHLOROMETHANE	
	Toxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment Not considered toxic to fish.	
	Acute aquatic toxicity		
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 193 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) NOEC, 28 days: 83 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)	
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 244 mg/l, Daphnia magna LC₅₀, 48 hours: 27 mg/l, Daphnia magna	
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 96 hours: >662 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum	
	PETROLEU	JM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)	
	Toxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. The product is not believed to present a hazard due to its physical nature. Highly volatile.	
	Hydr	ocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	
	Acute aquatic toxicity		
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, : 10-100 mg/l, Fish NOEC, : 1-10 mg/l, Fish	

Acute toxicity - aquatic	LC ₅₀ , : 1-10 mg/l, TISBE Marine copepod
invertebrates	NOEC, : 0.1-1 mg/l, TISBE Marine copepod
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	LC₅₀, : 10-100 mg/l, Algae

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability There are no data on the degradability of this product.

Ecological information on ingredients.

DICHLOROMETHANE

Persistence and degradability	The substance is readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation	Air - Degradation 68%: 28 days

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

Persistence and	The product is readily biodegradable.
degradability	

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Persistence and degradability

The substance is readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

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Partition coefficient

Ecological information on ingredients.

DICHLOROMETHANE

Bioaccumulative	notential	BCE 2 - 40	Fish
Divaccumulative	polenilai	DOF. Z - 40,	LI211

Partition coefficient log Pow: 1.25

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Bioaccumulative potential Not available.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 3.4 - 5.2

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

Ecological information on ingredients.

DICHLOROMETHANE

	Mobility		Volatile.
	Adsorption/desorp	otion	Soil Koc: ~46.8
	PE	TROLEU	M GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)
	Mobility		The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.
12.5. Result	s of PBT and vPvB	assessm	ent
Results of P assessment	BT and vPvB	Not deter	mined.
Ecological in	formation on ingre	dients.	
			DICHLOROMETHANE
	Results of PBT an assessment	nd vPvB	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.
	PE	TROLEU	M GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)
	Results of PBT an assessment	nd vPvB	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
12.6. Other a	adverse effects		
Other advers	se effects	None kno	own.
12.6. Endoca properties	rine disrupting	There are	e no adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties.
12.7. Other a	adverse effects	None kno	own.
Ecological in	formation on ingre	dients.	
			DICHLOROMETHANE
	Other adverse effe	ects	None known.
		Hydro	carbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane
	Other adverse effe	ects	The product contains a substance which is toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
SECTION 1	3: Disposal conside	erations	
13.1. Waste	treatment methods	8	
Disposal me	thods	sewers o the requi	uncture or incinerate, even when empty. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, r watercourses. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with rements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Residues and empty containers e taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.
Waste class			artially Empty Aerosol: 16 05 04, Empty Aerosol: 15 01 10 (Containing hazardous), Empty Aerosol: 15 01 04 (No hazardous residues).
SECTION 14	4: Transport inform	ation	
14.1. UN nu	mber		

UN No. (ADR/RID)	1950	
UN No. (IMDG)	1950	
UN No. (ICAO)	1950	
UN No. (ADN)	1950	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	<u>)</u>	
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (ADN)	AEROSOLS	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR/RID class	2.1	
ADR/RID classification code	5F	
ADR/RID label	2.1	
IMDG class	2.1	
ICAO class/division	2.1	
ADN class	2.1	

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

IMDG Code segregation group	SG69, SW1, SW22
EmS	F-D, S-U
ADR transport category	2
Tunnel restriction code	(D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not relevant. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No. 2677) (as amended). The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.
Authorisations (SI 2020 No. 1577 Annex XIV)	No specific authorisations are known for this product.
Restrictions (SI 2020 No. 1577 Annex XVII)	No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Canada - DSL/NDSL Some of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US - TSCA Some of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Australia - AIIC Some of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Japan - ENCS Some of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Korea - KECI Some of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

China - IECSC Some of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Philippines – PICCS Some of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

New Zealand - NZIOC Some of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Taiwan - TCSI Some of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: Weight of evidence. Carc. 2 - H351: Calculation method. Skin Irrit. 2 - H315: Calculation method. STOT SE 3 - H336: Calculation method. Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412: Calculation method.
Issued by	Technical Department

Revision date	04/05/2023
Revision	10.2
Supersedes date	22/01/2021
SDS number	11189
Hazard statements in full	 H220 Extremely flammable gas. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.