SAFETY DATA SHEET Bijlard Superbond Activator

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Bijlard Superbond Activator

Container size 200ml

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Activator For Cyanoacrylate Adhesives

Use only as directed.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bijlard International

Platinastraat 141 2718 SR Zoetermeer The Netherlands

Tel: 00 31 79 343 75 38 Fax: 00 31 79 343 75 39 www.biilard.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Bijlard International: Tel: 00 31 79 343 7538 (Maa-Vrij 09:00-17:00)

National emergency telephone National Poisons Information Service (UK): 0844 892 0111 (healthcare professionals only)

number NHS: 111 (members of the public)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains ISOPROPANOL

Supplementary precautionary

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

statements

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

2.3. Other hazards

Containers should be thoroughly emptied before disposal because of the risk of an explosion. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and dermatitis. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

ISOPROPANOL 60-100%

CAS number: 67-63-0 EC number: 200-661-7

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS

30-60%

(<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

Classification

Flam. Gas 1A - H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280

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N,N-dimethyl-p-toluidine		<1%
CAS number: 99-97-8	EC number: 202-805-4	
Classification		
Acute Tox. 3 - H301		
Acute Tox. 3 - H311		
Acute Tox. 3 - H331		
STOT RE 2 - H373		
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		

N-METHYL-p-TOLUIDINE		<1%
CAS number: 623-08-5	EC number: 210-769-6	
Classification		
Acute Tox. 3 - H301		
Acute Tox. 3 - H311		
Acute Tox. 3 - H331		
STOT RE 2 - H373		
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		

p-TOLUIDINE		<1%
CAS number: 106-49-0	EC number: 203-403-1	
M factor (Acute) = 1		
Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301		
Acute Tox. 3 - H311		
Acute Tox. 3 - H331		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments Liquefied petroleum gases (CAS: 68476-85-7) contains less than 0.1% w/w 1,3-butadiene,

meaning that the full harmonised classification regarding Muta. 1B H340 and Carc. 1A H350 $\,$

does not apply. This product does not contain nanoforms.

Ingredient notes Where required, the acute toxicity estimate (ATE) for any substance is listed in Section 11.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Move affected person to fresh air at once. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Keep affected person under observation. If breathing stops, provide artificial

respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

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Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical

attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after

washing.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure. Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead

to permanent health problems.

Inhalation Coughing, chest tightness, feeling of chest pressure. Exposure may cause coughing or

wheezing. In case of overexposure, organic solvents may depress the central nervous system causing dizziness and intoxication, and at very high concentrations unconsciousness and

death.

Ingestion There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

Eye contact There may be irritation and redness. Eyes may water profusely. Irritating to eyes.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. The following symptoms may occur:

Nausea, headache, dizziness, coughing and breathing difficulty.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray, dry powder or carbon dioxide. Alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Forms explosive mixtures with air. May explode when heated or when exposed to flames or sparks. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable

distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous combustion

products

Oxides of carbon. Acrid smoke or fumes.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-

off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Wear suitable

protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin

contact.

For non-emergency personnel For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

For emergency responders For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Contain the spillage using bunding. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-

combustible material.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near

spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Collect spillage for reclamation or disposal in sealed containers via a licensed waste contractor. Avoid water contacting spilled material or leaking containers. Approach the spillage from upwind. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 7 for information on safe handling. For

waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Static electricity and formation of sparks must

be prevented. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash after use and before eating,

smoking and using the toilet. Do not smoke in work area. Clean equipment and the work area

every day.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are

unlikely. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Avoid contact with oxidising agents. Store away from the following materials: Alkalis. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Storage class Extremely Flammable Aerosol

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

Usage description Store in a flammable storage cupboard according to national regulations. Solvent based

aerosol.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

ISOPROPANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 999 mg/m³ 400 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 mg/m³ 500 ppm

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

ISOPROPANOL (CAS: 67-63-0)

DNEL Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 888 mg/kg Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 319 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 89 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 500 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 140.9 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 552 mg/kg
Intermittent release; 140.9 mg/l
Sediment (Marinewater); 552 mg/kg

- marine water; 140.9 mg/l

STP; 2251 mg/lSoil; 28 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Ensure that the direction of airflow is clearly away from the worker. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Personal protection Wear protective work clothing.

Eye/face protection Wear chemical splash goggles. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye

and face protection should be worn.

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if

a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Neoprene. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for

different glove manufacturers. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection

Provide eyewash station. Avoid contact with skin. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

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Hygiene measures Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash promptly if skin becomes

contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking

and using the toilet.

Respiratory protection If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. In confined or poorly-

ventilated spaces, a supplied-air respirator must be worn. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of

contaminants is possible. Short term Gas filter, type AX.

Thermal hazards Frostbite.

Environmental exposure

controls

Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to

local and national provisions.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Clear.

Odour Hydrocarbons.

Odour threshold Data lacking.

pH Not determined.

Melting point No information required.

Initial boiling point and range Liquefied petroleum gases: -40 to -2°C

Isopropanol: 82°C

Flash point A flash point method is not available but the major hazardous component, the liquefied

petroleum gases, has a flash point of <-60°C with flammability limits of 10.9% vol. upper and

1.4% vol. lower.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Evaporation factor Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) No information required.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not available.

Other flammability No specific test data are available.

Vapour pressure 2 - 5 bar @ 20°C

Vapour density Not available.

Relative density Isopropanol: 0.79

Bulk density Not applicable.

Solubility(ies) Isopropanol: Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Liquefied petroleum gases: 365°C

Decomposition Temperature Not available.

Viscosity Isopropanol: <5 mm²/s @ 20°C

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Explosive properties In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Explosive under the influence

of a flame

Yes In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Particle size No information required.

Volatile organic compound 670 g/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Highly volatile.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Will not polymerise. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode

when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Avoid the accumulation of vapours in low or

confined areas.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

Oxides of carbon.

products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 16,259.11

Acute toxicity - dermal

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 48,777.32

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 113,813.74

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 487.77

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists

81.3

mg/l)

Skin corrosion/irritation

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Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Summary Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Summary May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

11.2. Information on other

hazards

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting The

properties

There are no adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties.

11.2.2. Other information No information available.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

ISOPROPANOL

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

5,045.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,045.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 12,800.0

mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 12,800.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

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Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

30.0

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

30.0

mg/l)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritationBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

fertility

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

Toxicological effects Information given is based on data of the components and of similar products.

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Not applicable.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Not applicable.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC₅₀ >20 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

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Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Not irritating.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity in humans is not expected.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Does not contain any substances known to be toxic to reproduction.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Overexposure to

organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and

intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Inhalation May cause respiratory system irritation.

Skin contact Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in

contact with skin.

Route of exposure Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

N,N-dimethyl-p-toluidine

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ 1650 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

300.0 ATE dermal (mg/kg)

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (gases

ppm)

702.81

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ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

3.01

ATE inhalation

0.5

(dusts/mists mg/l)

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity

IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

p-TOLUIDINE

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (gases

ppm)

700.0

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

3.0

0.5

ATE inhalation

(dusts/mists mg/l)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product contains a substance which is harmful to aquatic organisms and which may

cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

Ecotoxicity Information given is based on data of the components and of similar products.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Not considered toxic to fish.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ISOPROPANOL

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 48 hours: >100 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: >100 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

 EC_{50} , 72 hours: >100 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

Toxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. The product is not believed to

present a hazard due to its physical nature. Highly volatile.

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p-TOLUIDINE

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ $0.1 < L(E)C50 \le 1$

M factor (Acute) 1

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ISOPROPANOL

Persistence and degradability

The product is readily biodegradable.

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

Persistence and

The product is readily biodegradable.

degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ISOPROPANOL

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.05

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ISOPROPANOL

Mobile. Soluble in water.

Surface tension 22.7 mN/m

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate

easily from all surfaces.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

Not determined

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

ISOPROPANOL

Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

There are no adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7. Other adverse effects

properties

None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Ensure containers are empty before discarding (explosion risk). Must not be disposed of

together with household waste.

Disposal methodsDo not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains,

sewers or watercourses. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

Waste class Full or Partially Empty Aerosol: 16 05 04, Empty Aerosol: 15 01 10 (Containing hazardous

residues), Empty Aerosol: 15 01 04 (No hazardous residues).

SECTION 14: Transport information

General This product is packed in accordance with the Limited quantity Provisions of CDGCPL2, ADR

and IMDG. These provisions allow the transport of aerosols of less than 1 litre packed in cartons of less than 30kg gross weight to be exempt from control providing they are labelled in accordance with the requirements of those regulations to show that they are transported as

Limited Quantities. Aerosols not so packed must show the following.

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1950

UN No. (IMDG) 1950

UN No. (ICAO) 1950

UN No. (ADN) 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

AEROSOLS

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2.1

ADR/RID classification code 5F

ADR/RID label 2.1

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

ADN class 2.1

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

IMDG Code segregation

SG69, SW1, SW22

group

EmS F-D, S-U

ADR transport category 2

Tunnel restriction code (D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

EU legislation According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as

amended.

Guidance Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Authorisations (SI 2020 No.

1577 Annex XIV)

No specific authorisations are known for this product.

Restrictions (SI 2020 No. No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

1577 Annex XVII)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification procedures Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: Weight of evidence. Eye Irrit. 2 - H319: Calculation method. STOT

according to SI 2019 No. 720 SE 3 - H336: Calculation method.

Issued by Technical Department

Revision date 04/03/2024

Revision 5.2

Supersedes date 18/05/2022

SDS number 22444

Hazard statements in full H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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